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THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH is located at SEVANEE, TENN., upon the highest hill in the State, 3,000 feet above sea level. This school, under the special patronage of the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church, is a model school, and offers the healthiest residence and the best advantages, both moral and educational, in its Grade and High Schools and in its Theological Departments. For the legal claims of this University for patronage, apply for documents of the Rev. TELF AIR HODGSON, Vice-Chancellor, Sevanee, Tenn.

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All done in the Latest Fashion and Satisfaction. Nothing but clean towels used.

ELECTRICAL MUSIC.
An Italian Invention Which Puzzles the Scientists of England.

Elison, the famous inventor, is at last fairly outrivaled, and in a department hitherto considered peculiarly his own. Carlo Bozza, an Italian, has just perfected a series of inventions for the application of electrical power, by means of which he telegraphs, or produces at any distance, the concert orchestra music of the great composers, or, indeed, any music. Unusual, save by a powerful battery, he plays all the instruments of a brass band to the number of thirty or forty, with the usual accompaniments of drums, castanets, triangle, cymbals, etc., and the music is produced at any required distance from the operator. It is, to say the least, an extraordinary performance that one man should be able to play the most difficult music usually the work of twenty, thirty, or forty trained professional musicians, with a power and perfection of rendering equal to that of a full band. But this is not all.

The peculiarity which gives to the performances a weird-like effect is the fact that the instruments are suspended in mid-air at a distance from the former, and separated from each other by as many feet or yards as the dimensions of a hall will permit of. Signor Bozza is at present giving remarkable illustrations of his marvelous combination of inventions in Liverpool, and has made application to the managers of the Italian Exhibition to be held in London to give his performances there. As an Italian, he doubtless regards this as the most fitting of places to bring prominently before the public of all nations his wonderful achievement. Electrical experts who may be more or less skilled in instrumental music will doubtless, on seeing the instruments and hearing them played upon, make shrewd guesses at the modus operandi.

The beating of drums, gongs, bells, etc., and percussion effects upon them by electricity, are by no means new, having been exhibited at various times for many years, but the playing of wind instruments has never been attempted, and most certainly never before accomplished, and Signor Bozza has wisely protected the results of his long and patient study by patent. Those who have heard his performances agree that the effect of one set of instruments played in mid-air in one part of the hall, and others at various distances and at different sides and ends of the building, is charm and cadence unknown to the ordinary rendering by a number of musicians assembled close to each other.

In addition to playing the whole of the instruments of a brass band, Signor Bozza plays the sweetest airs upon a harmonium also suspended in mid-air at a distance from him, and likewise upon a number of clarinets, piccolos and flutes. By means of switches he plays upon any number or upon all of these various instruments together by single touches upon his marvelously clever keyboard, if a board of about twenty inches square supported upon a pillar of about six inches in diameter can be so termed. Signor Bozza has also invented a new musical instrument, playable only by electricity; it is made of porcelain, and from it he produces music quite unique in sweetness and penetration.—*N. Y. Tribune*.

Habits of the Chinch Bug.

The chinch bug belongs to that order of insects that have the anterior wings or wing covers transparent toward the end, the true wings straight and unpaired, and that feed on vegetable or animal juices by means of a sucker-tube. It is about one-seventh of an inch long, with white wing covers, upon each of which is a short central line and a large marginal oval spot of black; the remainder of the body is black and downy; the beak, legs, base of antenna, and hinder edge of thorax is a reddish yellow, and the forepart of the thorax is grayish. The young are without wings, and at first are a bright red, and change gradually to the colors of the adult. The eggs are laid in the ground, and the young appear on the wheat generally about the middle of June. There are two broods in a season, the second one, which appears in the fall, hibernating. The favorite place for this retirement is in any rubbish, grass, straw, fodder or manure pile, from which the hibernates issue in the spring. The remedies tried have been numberless, but nothing has been wholly effectual. Professor Forbes has found kerosene an excellent specific. Much cold rain destroys them to a great extent. Several species of lady-birds are their enemies.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean*.

Beauties of Frog-Farming.

Any man who has a pond on his farm can try the experiment of raising his own frogs. First let him buy, say, six pairs of fine New Jersey breeders and dump them into the water. With these for a starter you may select a quantity of domestic batrachia, and then you will have the nucleus of a fortune. Don't interfere with your water investment for a year any more than to keep your growing stock well supplied with food. They require an abundance, but as they are not very dainty in their taste the expense account will be light. For a young farm two barrels a day of hotel table scraps will keep the frogs in splendid shape so that at the end of twelve months you can begin marketing all that you can fish out at the same price as spring chicken. Give me the time and facilities and I will wager that at the end of two years I will be living on an income of \$5,000, and my frogs will pay all expenses.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat*.

The Prominent Citizen.

When individuals and the masses of a community find themselves day after day and year after year face to face with a fellow-citizen who is doing nothing, and never proposes to do anything except stand around in an eloquently-impressive style, they naturally go to work to utilize him. Sometimes they make him the chairman, president or secretary of various organizations, and again they make a kind of show figure of him, working him into matters of a social or political nature. In the course of time he becomes a necessity, and whenever any thing is to be done it is generally given up that the case is hopeless unless the prominent citizen can be secured. Age deals gently with this popular favorite, and the younger generation gradually come to look upon him as a man who could have climbed the dizzy heights of fame, but whose modesty and public spirit led him to voluntarily turn over all the prizes of life to his friends.—*Atlanta Constitution*.

A Every-Day Idyl.

"Sir," said the landlady, "look at the advantages I offer. Use of piano, bath and gas. Think of the view from your window, and the good air!"

"But, madame, will you furnish hot food with all these luxuries?"

"Sir!" answered the landlady, frigidly. "I keep a boarding-house."

"And I can not subsist on use of piano, gas, or bath, view and air. I am a boarder."

The bargain is off.—*Detroit Free Press*.

AQUATIC INSECTS.

A Veteran Naturalist Tells How to Catch

Wonderful Progress Made in the Treatment of Animal Diseases.

D. C. Comstock, M. D., secretary of the faculty of the New York College of Veterinary Surgeons was recently asked for his views on the progress of veterinary science. He replied: "In the early days when a horse was taken sick any hostler or stable-man was considered perfectly competent to treat the animal; his advice was asked and followed. It is very different now. A sick horse has a regular veterinarian to attend him, the same as a sick man has a regular physician to attend him. Diseases are better understood now than they were formerly. The therapeutic value of certain drugs now used for horses was not known twenty years ago except to a few foreign practitioners. Horses suffer from many of the same diseases that all men do. Diseases are better understood now than they were formerly. The therapeutic value of certain drugs now used for horses was not known twenty years ago except to a few foreign practitioners. Horses suffer from many of the same diseases that all men do. 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Bob Vance's cup of bliss is full to the brim. He has had a Democratic club named after him.

Chas. C. Bennett, of Bowling Green, challenges any republican "gentleman of color" in the third district to meet him on the stump and discuss the tariff. Here's hoping that Mr. Bennett has a big ax, and a broad ax, and a sharp ax.

Heretofore the tariff has been so far removed from the actual concern of the people that common folk looked upon it as some tremendous issue that had about as much to do with the practical affairs of life as a debate on original sin. Now plain, everyday men are looking into the matter, and you can hear them everywhere denouncing the thieving protection devil-fish that has its tentacles around every industry in the land impoverishing the life blood of trade and enervating the commercial manhood of the country.

The Clarksville papers have been "spitting" about which was the best Democrat. The contest is very hot. Last week an anonymous correspondent said some very "sassy" things about editor J. S. Miller of the Democrat, alleging that he was formerly a Republican. Bre'r Miller comes back this week loaded for bear. Bre'r Miller also likes the wild western style of journalism. This is what he says of the "allegator":

"This miserable whelp, whose eyes only opened to the light of the sun on the ninth day after he was spawned into the world, and whom decent men have only refrained from kicking out of it since puphood through respect to their shoes, like the sneaking cowardly cur that he is, has attacked me over a number of time, by 'damning' me, and by 'damning' me, he knew when he uttered it to be a lie of the whole cloth, without one shade or semblance of truth, sought to injure me in the estimation of the public."

We admire Bre'r Miller's pluck, and if there is anything that will rile a man, it is to be called a republican. As Sam Jones says—"he followed the Democrats to hell but he was never man enough to be a Republican."

They are running a lively race for Mayor over at Owensboro. Just to show our readers how they knock down candidates, we submit the following questions that are publicly propounded to aspirants:

"Who is running you?"
"Are you representing pure citizenship or the hum element?"

"Are you progressive, or are you a tight-skinned, narrow-minded conservative, alias old fog?"

"Will you see to it—carefully, prayerfully and constantly—that the hoodlums don't get in the majority on the police force, and that none of the guardians of the peace are guilty of hobnobbing with gamblers, of taking back-door cocktails on Sunday, of the like to the gamblers who, we are told, faithful officers have planned and laid, of being interested financially or affectionately or in any other wise in any house of prostitution or in any inmate thereof; that they walk their beats at night and are within yelling distance of any riot or robbery that may take place, and are not to be found dreaming the happy hours away in the sweet security of an arm chair, that, in short, they are decent well-regulated, trust-worthy citizens as well as brave, vigilant and incorruptible officers?"

By the time an aspirant answers these interrogations he is pretty thoroughly done up. They don't treat candidates with gloves at Owensboro.

You can frequently hear people who have taken a single cold-water bath in literature and know about as much about the refinements of rhetoric and the graces of composition as a Hot-tent of court courtesies, criticising the merits of newspaper works. The most crushing anathema they wield is that "it's only a newspaper article," and they go off into an absurd worship of authors whose subtleties they never comprehend and whose conscious ecstasies float by them like a symphony o'er the ears of a dumb man. Yet these same people jest and jeer at news paper composition when, in fact, the most difficult, and when accomplished the most excellent, style is the ordinary work of a reporter. We dare say that you can take the papers of Kentucky and you will find work in them that falls short only of the productions of "the masters"—not in profundity, or learning—but as specimens of good literature. It is easy enough to grind from out your inner consciousness a high-sounding dissertation on some abstract them, but with the reporter it is different. He must narrate, describe, detail conversations, report minutely. Ambiguities, redundancies, prolixity, and confusions are unpardonable in him. Lucidity, clearness, vivacity, sharpness are his virtues, and a writer who possesses these is worthy of homage in the field of letters.

Such writers are not wanting on the Kentucky Press. Take the proceedings of the last Association of editors. W. M. Hull on the "Country Editor," Urey Woodson on the "Politician and the Press," John P. Murray on "Cash and Credit," French Tipton on "The Advertising Agent," J. M. Richardson on "The Newspaper Man," and W. P. Walton's report of the proceedings, and everyone of their productions is worthy of a place in The Century or Harpers. There is a precision, an elegance, a grace and loveliness illuminated by flashes of wit and auroras of humor in each paper that lifts its merits to a high eminence.

We are proud of the press of Kentucky, and whenever you come upon a gang of our editors you may know you are with gentlemen of culture.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY.

JUDGE MCGARROLL'S ELOQUENT DISCOURSE ON OUR RESOURCES BEFORE THE COMMERCIAL CLUBS.

The following is an abstract of the remarks to be made by Judge Joe McCarroll at the Commercial Club Jubilee in Louisville, to-day. The speech contains a valuable collection of statistics, and withal is a very delightful discourse. We cannot fail to commend its literary merit, and it will take rank with anything the Club men will hear during the jubilee.

Mr. PRESIDENT, I have been selected to speak for the Hopkinsville Commercial Club to speak for that body, in the interest of Christian county. I am instructed not to sound her praises on account of the million bushels of corn, and the million bushels of wheat that she raises every year; nor the 30,000 bushels of oats, nor yet of the thirty million (30,000,000) pounds of tobacco now growing there—the grandest crop of tobacco ever stuck in the ground, in that or any other country—because they said these things are read and known of all men. Every man that has ever read or Christian county (and the tobacco of Christian county) about 100,000 bushels of iron that you will find, iron that is said to have commanded on the market from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per ton, more all this within an average of ten miles from Christian county, and about twenty-five miles from Hopkinsville, through which all roads must come that lead to Trigg.

What do you say of iron resources of my neighborhood? Don't you think they ought to be developed? I will tell you: we want our people to begin to think, and through these clubs is to be expected that "consumption most devoutly to be wished."

What else? The whole western part of the state is resting on the bosom, as we may say, of the finest health giving mineral waters. Sebree, and Dawson, and Cerulean, and Crittenden Springs with their iron, and sulphur, and magnesia, and salt are almost enough to make one say that Ponce de Leon missed it but a step when he went to Florida instead of Kentucky, in his vain endeavor to discover the fountain of perpetual youth.

But I call your attention to the very interesting subject of hard-woods and objectives, and the young lumbermen of Christian county. We have so numerous all over western Kentucky (and for that matter, I suppose, eastern and middle Kentucky might be included), that only recently have the enterprising elements of our county given their individual attention to "turning on the light." The moss-back, therefore, is fast getting out. The good time soon come, when he will be so completely hidden from all mortal sight, as that other undevolved resources of greater value shall, grow, and bloom, and bear rich fruits, to the wealth and glory of the country.

Some time ago, the Commercial Club sent a sum of money down to the men who had come to us; and we got the band out to play for us; and we got together in our big opera house, and listened to the music, and made speeches. And, brethren, let me tell you something: when they all got through with the croakers and objectives, I felt very much as a member of the Louisville School board did some years ago, when the supposed delinquencies of that important industry caused him to move, and "turn on the light." That we do all arise and indulge in a hearty blush?" I was ashamed of our part of the crowd: we had fallen far short of our past.

Well, we are getting on now, where we can, and our Club is putting us still further out. It is like the little ant which we have all seen tormenting, and pulling and tugging at a great, big, lazy, hard-shelled bug, about 400 times its own size: by pluck, and energy, and determination, it got there with its bug.

Let me tell you about Christian Co. With an area of about 800 sq. miles, its surface is diversified with every variety of soil, from the finest red clay, rocky, hill-side soil in the broken hilly part. Perhaps four-fifths of the county is suited to the production, in great abundance, of the most luxuriant grasses of corn, wheat, tobacco, oats, vegetables, and grasses of all sorts. The whole northern boundary, from the east, even unto the west, overlies the most magnificent coal fields to be found in the world.

Now, you don't care to hear me on the agricultural possibilities of Christian county; let me tell you that our mineral resources are rich and abundant beyond conception. All over Hopkins and North Christian, there are rich veins of the finest bituminous coal to be found outside of Pennsylvania. This fact is being found out, piecemeal, by the men of means and the men of investment. It is already syndicated from a distance, are buying our coal fields by the tens of thousands of acres at a time. Look at the great out-put of coal at Earlington, in Hopkins Co., just over the county line, a town of 1,500 inhabitants, built up and maintained by the enormous coal mines of that region; mines which supply to a large extent, even the coal market of the city of Nashville, in competition with the coals of Tennessee; whose stocks, after being watered and double watered, over and again, time after time, are still paying good dividends on the entire amount of capital invested.

According to Inspector Norwood's last report, 42 Western Ky. mines produced in 1887, over 25,000,000 bush. of coal, most of which came from Earlington and Central City, and their vicinities, the former, perhaps, being the greatest producers in Ky.

Take about the mining interests of Christian county and Western Kentucky, why, one needs only to go along the railroad through Ohio, Hopkins, North Christian, Muhlenburg, Webster, Henderson, Caldwell, McCracken, and other counties of Kentucky, to see the great mineral wealth that has been developed. The agricultural and mineral country is destined to be developed into fields and mines of every yielding wealth and prosperity.

Again, do you know that we have iron in the northern hills of Christian county? Aye, aye, sir, and in paying quantities, doubtless. This is not an industry with us as is coal. It is simply a boundless source of wealth to our people, when it shall be developed. We want some of these rich iron men, who have got rich on the iron tariff, and charged their laborers with it, to come over and buy our iron ore. We'll sell. We'll sell cheap, for we do not know just much worth, and when we've got the money it will take to find the out. And then, just west of us is the great little county of Trigg, with its hills, and crags, and honest, upreputious people. What do you find? About 400 square miles up and down the Cumberland, all in Trigg, of the richest and best iron ore in the United States. Don't accuse me of being extravagant. I know what I am talking about. I repeat that the iron produced from the Trigg county mines has been tested, tried and proved to be the very best, and produced in the whole United States, without a single exception. And in quantity it is as abundant, as in qual-

ity, as in the iron districts of Pennsylvania, not in Birmingham, nor Georgia, can this iron be found in greater abundance. The Hillman Iron Works and Rolling for over 50 years, and recently, and have never sunk a drin, but have shovels up the coal from the surface. Twenty years ago 1,200 hands were employed and the finest improvements of machinery put in. In later years the owners died, leaving their immense estate in the hands of a trustee, without authority to use it.

The estate got into the courts for settlement, and to-day, perhaps, nearly \$200,000 worth of machinery stands idle and idle without a manager among all its owners, and just darning, and joking, and feeding every passer by with the stupendous suggestions of the iron men, millions of dollars, lying on the very bosom of the ground, all around, and no man has the ability and the wisdom to shovel them up." Gentlemen, there is iron for you until you can't rest, iron that is said to have commanded on the market from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per ton,

out and cheaper freight. How are we going to get them? Through the Hopkinsville Commercial Club. Already a proposition is pending for a grand trunk railroad from Chicago to the Gulf of Mexico, and Hopkinsville is at the time is not far off. I trust, when we shall be able to show you several competing lines of railroads all centering at Hopkinsville, when the more than \$1,000 per day paid at Hopkinsville alone, for imports and passenger fare will pay the freight on double the present receipts; when the farmer will get ten cents a bushel more for their wheat than now, on account of competition in rates; when steam factories and mills will line our railroads; and mining operations will develop on our northern hills; and when the laughing and prosperous people will rise up and call the Commercial Clubs of Kentucky blessed.

TOBACCO NEWS.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 1,489 Hds. with receipts for the same period of 625 Hds. Sales on our market since Jan. 1st amount to 55,965 Hds. The market on dark tobacco this week shows some increase over that of last week, with the week's average quotations the outside figures more nearly represent values for the week just closed. The following quotations represent our market for dark tobacco.

Trash, from \$1.00 to 2.00. Common to medium lugs from \$2.00 to 3.50.

Dark rich lugs extra quality, from \$4.00 to 5.50.

Common leaf from 5.00 to 6.50.

Good leaf extra length, from \$7.50 to 9.50.

Medium to good leaf from \$8.00 to 9.00.

Dark wrapper leaf from \$9.00 to 15.00.

GLOVER & DURRETT.

Mrs. Dr. J. B. Cottrell, who now lives at Franklin, Ky., is very low and her friends have almost abandoned her for her recovery. She has been an invalid for years, and for three weeks past has been in a critical condition.

PRINCETON, KY., JULY 30, 1888.

We, the undersigned officers of Caldwell County, do certify that a number of individuals, both white and black, living in Princeton and Caldwell County, Ky., were sufferers from Syphilis in its various stages, and are now in perfect health, having been cured by Foerg's Remedy.

W. S. RANDOLPH,

Judge Caldwell County Court.

JOHN R. WYLIE,

Clerk Caldwell Circuit Court.

FRANK A. PASTEUR,

Clerk Caldwell County Court.

R. R. PICKERING,

Sheriff Caldwell County.

J. M. POOL,

Jailer Caldwell County.

L. B. BAKER,

Assessor Caldwell County.

From one to three bottles will cure any case of gleet. Foerg's Remedy is easily digestible, contains no mercury. One week's trial will convince you of its merits. Ask your druggist for Foerg's Remedy. Price \$1 a bottle prepared by Phil Foerg, Princeton, Ky.

J. O. FERRELL,

3-3-1m., HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

HOPKINSVILLE HIGH SCHOOL.

For the education of young men and boys, instruments is given in English, Latin, Greek, German, French, Mathematics, Natural History, etc. The next Scholastic Year will begin MONDAY, AUGUST 27, 1888. For further information, address

J. O. FERRELL,

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

FACTS THAT CAN BE PROVEN!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED!

We have a large stock of hose, Would call attention to our absolutely fast color blue. Will refund money for every part that stains the feet or undergarments. Nice quality and very cheap.

Our stock of hats cannot be surpassed by any house in the city. All shapes and shades and cheaper than any in the city.

We brag on our stock of Shoes, and would be glad to show them to you and feel confident we can please you.

We would be glad to show you our stock of combs, towels, napkins, Table Linens, Handkerchiefs &c. &c. We make the bold assertion and stand ready to prove it that ours are the cheapest in the city.

Our line of Neck Ties cannot be surpassed.

We carry a nice line of Groceries store and would be glad to fill all orders. Hoping our members up and promising lower prices than any

EVERY RESPECTFULLY,

GILLILAND & KENNEDY,

230 Ninth Street.

Opposite Methodist Church.

THEY MUST GO!
Now Is Your Chance.

\$10.00

Will buy choice of any MAN'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$7.50

Will buy choice of any YOUTH'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$5.00

Will buy choice of any BOY'S SUIT or OVECCOAT in our house.

We have many Fine Suits and Overcoats that are worth \$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00. We give you pick and choice for \$10.00.

We must get rid of our stock as soon as possible and have determined to put the knife deep into them.

These DEEP CUT PRICES postively for 15 days only and

STRICTLY FOR CASH.
THE OLD RELIABLE.

M. FRANKEL & SONS.

AT COST!

AT COST!

CREAT BARGAIN SALE!



AM BOUND FOR PYE & WALTON'S

100-22-1y

THINK DEEPLY!

ACT WISELY

By coming to look over our Large and Well Assorted Stock of all that is New and Seasonable,

DECIDE QUICKLY

To buy of us after seeing the prices and Examining the Quality of our goods, you can't resist them. It is impossible to better elsewhere.

NO BETTER VALUES

Can be found. We get the Choice of the

SOCIALITIES.

J. D. McPherson and family are in the city.

Henry Veth goes to Louisville this morning.

R. L. Akin, of Evansville, was in the city Sunday.

E. B. Bassett and wife are in Louisville.

Col. John D. Morris was in the city yesterday.

Judge W. L. Dulaney, of Bowling Green, was in town yesterday.

Geo. Means, of Louisville, was in the city, Saturday.

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Bowles' Gallery, Next to South Kentucky office, is the place to have first class Photographs taken. Give him a trial.

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Rand Caldwell proposes to build a \$10,000 opera house in Russellville, Ky. The stage will be 58x40, the auditorium 58x60, and will have a seating capacity of 400, says the Herald.

Rev. W. L. Norse received a letter from a lady in New York stating that her husband had just died. At the moment of death he told her he was living under an assumed name and that when he was 13 years of age he left Hopkinsville (25 years ago). Before he could give his right name he died. He has a sister and brother living here.

The Knights of Pythias will invite the Kentucky Grand Lodge of that order to hold its next meeting here in the autumn of 1889. A meeting in consideration of the subject will be held on next Tuesday night, when every member is expected to be present. If Owensboro can secure this notable gathering, along with the Kentucky Press Association, for 1889, their quota of such honors would be full.—Owensboro Messenger.

Col. A. H. Anderson resigned as assistant elector and his place was filled with Mr. G. H. Towner, of Webster. Jim Breathitt is fit material for a congressman. He is a skillful debater, a powerful advocate, a shrewd logician, gifted in voice and gesture, with a platform demeanor that becomes an orator—but with one fatal defect he is a republican. It is truly a pity that such a nice fellow should be ruined by such political tenents. There is but one thing that will keep him from making a first class congressman and that is enough votes to elect him in November. He will probably accept the nomination and do his little level best to defend his rotten Republicanism from the piercing darts of Bill Ellis' bow.

HERE AND THERE.

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OUR NEIGHBORS.

John Adcock, of Nebo, Hopkins Co.; will be tried next Friday for passing counterfeit money during the campmeeting at Sebree.

W. W. Wallington was shot and badly wounded by Abithiel Colstein last Saturday evening at his (W. W. Wallington's) home, in the Caledonia district.—Telephone.

Mr. Bob. Lawson that lives a few miles from Trenton, was badly hurt a few days ago, his farm bell fell, striking him on the head. It was at first thought he was fatally injured, but at last account he was improving, we are glad to say.—Elkton Progress.

William Lindsay, of this place, has struck oil, or at least has come so near it that he can plainly smell. He is having a well dug in his yard, and it is now about fifteen feet deep. For the past foot or two of the scot oil has been so strong that it is almost impossible to stand the smell.—Hopkins Hustler.

Capt. Bryce Stewart is visiting his father in this city. Capt. Stewart, is a native of Clarksville, but he went to Scotland to take a full course of the higher classics. While in that country he became enthused with the idea of army life, and allied himself with the British forces. Capt. Stewart started from Mandalay, Burma, about ten weeks ago, consequently his stops in England and other countries en route were brief.—Democrat.

A suit of a peculiar nature, and rather out of the regular routine, has been filed in the Trigg Circuit Court, and will come up for hearing next Saturday. It is a suit by one J. M. Sinclair, a colored teacher, for a manumission, to compel the trustees in colored school district No. 11 to deliver him the key to the schoolhouse in that district. Two of the trustees claim that they never employed said Sinclair, but employed another teacher, who has the key and is authorized to teach the school.—Telephone.

Warden Bowler, of the Hopkinsville asylum, and Deputy Sheriff Bozarth, made a fruitless trip into Ohio county yesterday in search of John Yocom. At one time the wily lunatic was only half an hour ahead of them, but he knew the woods and could easily evade them. They say that all the people up there are afraid of him and refuse to give any information that would assist the officers in capturing him. By force they got a little aid from his brother-in-law, but all to no purpose. So far as known, Yocom is armed with nothing but a knife, and could and would be caught by people in the community, were they not afraid that he would be allowed to escape again and that on his returning he would do them some injury. He has never remained at home all night but once

SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN
18 AND 20 NINTH STREET.
HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY

Cheap Club Rates.

Subscribers to the South Kentuckian will receive the benefit of the following cheap rates with other papers and periodicals:
S. K. and Daily Courier-Journal.....\$12.00
" Weekly.....\$8.00
" Commercial.....\$8.00
" Farmers Home Journal.....\$8.00
" Daily.....\$8.00
" Daily N. Y. World.....\$7.00
" Semi-Weekly.....\$5.00
" N. Y. Sun.....\$2.50
" N. Y. Star.....\$5.00
" N. Y. Times.....\$5.00
" Toledo Blade.....\$9.00
" Arkansas Traveler.....\$8.00
" Peck's Sun.....\$2.50
Peterson's Magazine.....\$5.00
" Demarest's Monthly.....\$5.00
" Leslie's Popular Monthly.....\$5.00
" Youth's Companion, Boston.....\$5.00
" Harper's Magazine.....\$5.00
" Harper's Bazaar.....\$5.00
" Young People.....\$5.00

THE ALUMINUM AGE.

The Metal which is to Revolutionize the World.

It is reported at the Essen Krupp gun works, near Cologne, Germany, the metal aluminum is being rapidly turned out in 100 pound ingots at a cost of twenty-five cents per pound, says a Chicago Tribune writer. If this is true, its full significance is not realized by the public, for this silvery metal is the most abundant in nature. Common clay everywhere contains from two to ten pounds of it in every 100 pounds. It is, therefore, more common than iron or all the metals taken together. The cost of extracting it has been the greatest hindrance to its general use. In 1853 its price was \$2 per pound, and the following year's chemical discovery dropped its price to \$4. A steady decrease since then has taken place to about \$5 per pound, at which price its uses are enormous, but nothing to compare with the alleged Krupp twenty-five cent value.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee. Sold by Harry B. Garner, City Pharmacy, 50 and 100 per bottle.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, of New Haven, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Buckle's Arnica Salve for four years. Never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Harry B. Garner, City Pharmacy.

A Plain-spoken Man.

His style—
I am a plain, uncultivated man not much inclined to gabbing though I speak my mind where'er I am, generally not very low. His caution—
I wait until the black clouds rift before I venture in a boat. I try to understand the drift of politics before I vote. His struggles—
For pears I've toiled and struggled hard to keep a roof above my head; I've never drank or played a card, and yet I haven't got a red. His daily talk—
From rising of the sun I strive with all my might each blessed day to keep my family alive and drive the hungry wolf away. His thanks—
I've no complaint to make of toil; I'm thankful I've got the health to dig a living from the soil—I prize that more than worldly wealth. His disgust—
Though troubles come to me enough I seldom grumble, never bark; but I am disgusted with the stuff that certain politicians talk. His opinion—
From morn till night they work their jaws, which seems to be in good repair, to back their protection cause with cant and lies fill the air. His argument—
They tell me I must surely vote for tariff high while I've a chance; I show to them my ragged coat, likewise the patches on my pants. His question—
They tell me how protection shields the farmer and improves his lands; I ask them why it takes whole fields to water to meet our mouths' demands. His points—
They tell me there is no distress in farm homes through this nation; I point them to my poor wife's dress and asked them for an explanation. His crusher—
They knock their talk all silly when they raise the old free-trade alarm I listen till they're though, and then I show the mortage on my farm.

RUMSEY KY.

RUMSEY, Ky., Aug. 28th.—I have not much to write at present. We have had a long drudgery but it is well broken now, the rain did not come in time however, be of much benefit to forward corn. Business is a little slow, and much work is stopped by the rain and high water. The river has been unusually high for the time of year.

There is one industry that has almost died out in Christian county that I am glad to see still flourishing here, and that is the raising of sorghum for molasses. There is a considerable amount of the cane produced here. The window at which I am writing overlooks a field of fine cane.

The National Government has bought the remaining time of the lease of the Green and Baron river Navigation Company and I suppose the company will now be reorganized. The company had a dock here this summer and fitted the tow boat Longfellow with a new hull and is now repairing old barges and building a new one. It is said that the Emma Irvine an Evansville boat is coming here for repairs.

Yours truly
R. L. R.

Used one bottle of Mother's Friend for my first confinement. It is a wonderful remedy. Looked and felt so well afterwards friends remarked it. Would not be without Mother's Friend for any consideration.

Mrs. Jos. B. ANDERSON,
Ochopee, Ga.

Write the Bradfield Reg. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

There are now eight Presidential tickets in the field, representing as many distinct political organizations. These tickets are as follows: Democratic, Cleveland and Thurman; Republican, Harrison and Morton; and

third party, or Prohibition, Fisk and Brooks; United Labor party, Cowdry and Wakefield; Union Labor party, Streeter and Cunningham; Industrial reform party, Redstone and Colvin; Equal Rights party, Lockwood and Love; American party, James L. Curtis for President. The last named party has not nominated a candidate for Vice-President. Alfred H. Love, who was nominated for Vice-President on the Equal Rights party ticket, has declined the honor, and Belvoir is running the race alone.

A Wonderful Steamer.

The new British teamship City of New York is a marvel of marine architecture. The cost to build over £350,000, or about \$1,750,000. Her length is 580 feet, and breadth of beam 63 feet, while her engines are of the triple expansion style and are over 1,000 horse power. The driving plant requiring 1,000 horse power is considered a great enterprise, but this steamer's engines are nearly twenty times that. The consumption of fuel to furnish this vast power averages about 350 tons a day. She has a crew of 370 men and ample accommodations for 1,450 passengers. One thousand electric lamps are required to furnish light. Her owners receive a subsidy from the British Government of £10,000 or \$50,000 a year for the privilege of being able to take the vessel in the event of war. Besides this, the revenue from the English mails amount to £18,000 a year for the whole line.

PERSONAL.

Mr. N. H. Prohlischtein, of Mobile, Ala., writes: I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, having used it for a severe attack of Bronchitis and Catarrh. It gave me instant relief and entirely cured me and I have recommended it to many others. I also state that I had tried other remedies with no good result. Have also used Electric Bitters and Dr. King's New Life Pills, both of which I can recommend.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee.

Sold by Harry B. Garner, City Pharmacy, 50 and 100 per bottle.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, of New Haven, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Buckle's Arnica Salve for four years. Never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Harry B. Garner, City Pharmacy.

Buckle's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by Harry B. Garner, City Pharmacy.

A Plain-spoken Man.

His style—
I am a plain, uncultivated man not much inclined to gabbing though I speak my mind where'er I am, generally not very low.

His caution—
I wait until the black clouds rift before I venture in a boat. I try to understand the drift of politics before I vote.

His struggles—
For pears I've toiled and struggled hard to keep a roof above my head; I've never drank or played a card, and yet I haven't got a red.

His daily talk—
From rising of the sun I strive with all my might each blessed day to keep my family alive and drive the hungry wolf away.

His thanks—
I've no complaint to make of toil; I'm thankful I've got the health to dig a living from the soil—I prize that more than worldly wealth.

His disgust—
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His opinion—
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His question—
They tell me how protection shields the farmer and improves his lands; I ask them why it takes whole fields to water to meet our mouths' demands.

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Yours truly
R. L. R.

The Elections of 1888.

[From the New York Times.]
All the states will elect presidential electors on Tuesday, November 6. The electors then chosen will meet at their respective state capitols on Wednesday December 5, and cast their ballots for President and Vice-President of the United States.

The whole number of electors is 40, needed for a choice, 201. The several states are entitled to representation in the electoral college and in congress as follows:

Elect. Con- Elect. Con-

gress. Mississ. 9 Mississ. 16

Arkansas 7 Missouri 16

Colorado 3 Nevada 3

Conn. 6 New Hampshire 9

Florida 4 New York 36

Georgia 10 North Carolina 9

Illinois 15 Oregon 3

Iowa 15 Rhode Island 30

Kentucky 15 S. Carolina 9

Louisiana 8 Tennessee 12

Maryland 6 Vermont 4

Mass. 12 Virginia 12

Michigan 7 Wisconsin 11

Miss. 10

Mississ. 16

Mont. 3

Pa. 45

R. I. 3

R. I. 3